(b) Each normal cost percentage will be rounded to the nearest one-tenth of a percent.

§841.407 Notice of normal cost percentage determinations.

- (a) No later than 5 years after the publication of a current notice of normal cost percentages, OPM will publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice that will contain updated normal cost percentages.
- (b) The notice of normal cost percentage will include a statement of—
- (1) The Government-wide normal cost percentage and any single agency rates for each category of employees;
- (2) The effective date of any changes made by the notice:
- (3) The address for obtaining information on the data and assumptions used in computing the normal cost percentages;
- (4) The time limit for submission of appeals under § 841.409; and
- (5) The address for filing an appeal under §841.409.

§841.408 Effective date of normal cost percentages.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section and in §841.412, normal cost percentages stated in a notice of normal cost percentages under §841.407 will be effective at the beginning of the first full pay period of the first fiscal year that commences at least 3 months after the date of publication of the notice.
- (b) The initial normal cost percentages will be effective at the beginning of the first pay period on or after January 1, 1987.

[51 FR 47187, Dec. 31, 1986, as amended at 58 FR 43493, Aug. 17, 1993]

§841.409 Agency appeal right.

- (a)(1) An agency with at least 1,000 employees in the general category of employees or 500 employees in any of the special categories may appeal to the Board the normal cost percentage for that category as applied to that agency.
- (2) The Secretary of the Treasury or the Postmaster General may request the Board to reconsider a determination of the amount of any supplemental liability due from the Treasury

- of the United States or the United States Postal Service, respectively.
- (b) No appeal will be considered by the Board unless the agency files, no later than 6 months after the date of publication of the notice of normal cost percentages under §841.407, a petition for appeal that meets *all* the requirements of §841.410.
- (c) No request for reconsideration will be considered by the Board unless the Secretary of the Treasury or the Postmaster General files, no later than 6 months after the date of receipt of the notice of supplemental liability, a request for reconsideration supported by an actuarial report similar to the report described in §841.410(c).

[52 FR 25196, July 6, 1987]

§841.410 Contents of petition for appeal.

- (a) To file an appeal, an agency head must, before expiration of the time limit, file with OPM—
 - (1) A letter of appeal;
 - (2) An actuarial report; and
- (3) A certificate of eligibility (described in paragraph (d) of this section).
- (b)(1) The letter of appeal must be in writing and signed by the agency head. Delegation of signatory authority is not permitted.
- (2) The letter of appeal may contain any argument the agency wishes to make or may simply submit the actuarial report for consideration.
- (c) The actuarial report must contain a detailed actuarial analysis of the normal cost of FERS benefits as applied to the employees of that agency in the category of employees for which the agency is appealing the use of the Government-wide rate. The actuarial report must.—
 - (1) Be signed by an actuary;
- (2) Use the economic assumptions under §841.405; and
- (3) Specifically address and consider each of the demographic factors listed in §841.404. The appealing agency is responsible for developing data relating to the first nine demographic factors as they relate to the category of agency employees for which the appeal is being filed. Government-wide demographic factors (available from OPM) will be presumed to be sufficient and

§841.411

reliable for factors 10 through 13 unless the appealing agency is able to demonstrate, through sufficient and reliable data relating to its employees or former employees, the use of alternative factors is appropriate. The fourteenth factor, administrative expenses, will be supplied by OPM.

(d) The certificate of eligibility is a letter from the agency's director of personnel certifying that the agency has the requisite 1,000 or 500 in the category of employees under consideration.

§841.411 Appeals procedure.

- (a) A Government-wide normal cost percentage is presumed to apply to all agencies. Any agency appealing application of a Government-wide normal cost percentage to any category of employees in its workforce must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board that the normal cost percentage for that category of employees in that agency is significantly different from the Government-wide normal cost percentage.
- (b) While an agency has an appeal pending, the Government-wide normal cost percentage continues to apply to that agency.
- (c) The Board cannot consider an appeal unless all the documents required for a petition for appeal under §841.410(a) are filed before expiration of the time limit for an appeal.
- (d) The Board cannot sustain an appeal unless the Board finds that—
- (1) The data used in the agency's actuarial analysis are sufficient and reliable (As a general rule, at least 5 years of data pertaining to any group of employees must be analyzed before the results are considered sufficient and reliable.):
- (2) The assumptions used in the agency's actuarial analysis are justified;
- (3) When all relevant factors are considered together, there is a demonstrated difference between the nor-

mal cost for the group at issue in the appeal and the normal cost for the same group calculated on a Government-wide basis; and

(4) The difference between the Government-wide normal cost percentage and the single agency rate would be at least 10 percent of the normal cost being appealed.

§841.412 Rates determined by appeal.

- (a) If the Board finds that a different normal cost is warranted based on an agency appeal, it will establish a single agency rate for the category of employees in that agency.
- (b) The single agency rate will be effective at the beginning of the first pay period beginning 30 days after the date of the Board's decision.
- (c) A single agency rate may be higher or lower than the Government-wide rate and will remain in force for not less than 3 years.
- (d) After a single agency rate has been in force for at least 3 years, OPM may—
- (1) Require, no more often than annually, that the agency justify continuation of the rate; and/or
- (2) When it publishes a notice of normal cost percentages under §841.407, terminate the single agency rate.

§841.413 Determinations of amount due from each agency.

- (a) For each pay period, each agency will determine the total amount of basic pay paid to employees in each category of employees.
- (b) For each category of employees, the amount due from each agency for a pay period is the product of—
- (1) The total amount of basic pay of employees in that category of employees in that agency; and
 - (2) The normal cost percentage.

[51 FR 47187, Dec. 31, 1986, as amended at 52 FR 25196, July 6, 1987]

APPENDIX A TO SUBPART D OF PART 841—TABLE OF NORMAL COST PERCENTAGES

Category of employees	Government-wide normal cost percentages effective at the begin- ning of the first pay period commencing on or after—			
	January 1, 1987	October 1, 1987	October 1, 1991	October 1, 1994
Members	23.5	20.9	20.8	19.1
Congressional employees	23.8	20.2	20.1	18.2